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We strongly respect, recognize, and honour First Nations across what is now known as British Columbia, on whose territories we live, work, and learn.

Acknowledgements

Thank-you!

To the Elders, youth, and community members who lent their voices and stories for us to share.

To the Healthy Watersheds Initiative's Indigenous Leaders Advisory Circle, the Real Estate Foundation of BC, Watersheds BC, and the B.C. Wildlife Federation who supported and encouraged the vision of this work.

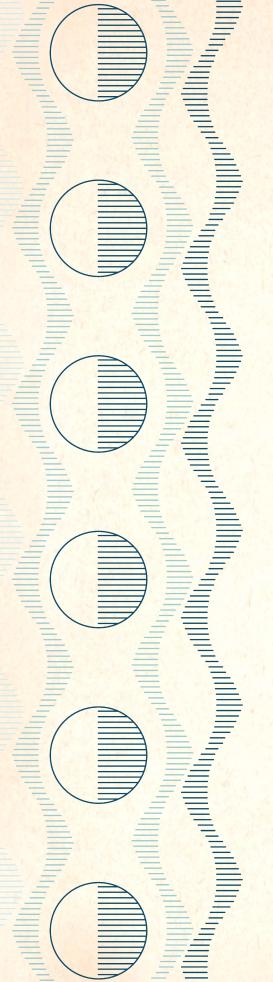
To our Indigenous Advisors, the late Glenn Auger, Diana Cote, and Tara Marsden, as well as Mavis Underwood, Chair of the Indigenous Leaders Advisory Circle for their wisdom and guidance.

To Chenoa Gao who provided a platform for the beauty of these words to be seen.

To Cheyenne Bergenhenegouwen who helped shape an idea into something tangible.

To all those doing amazing work for our watersheds and waterways.

And to you, the readers, who we hope will cherish these stories as we do and continue to share them.



Foreword

In countering the impacts of oppression and colonization I often find myself with questions about relationships, responsibilities for care, and education. For Indigenous First Nations, systemic and institutional racism started a long time ago with pressures put on Indigenous First Nations' land and water territories. Now more than ever Indigenous First Nations must uphold culture and traditions that are the foundations of Indigenous natural laws of preservation, responsibility, respect, and care and have upheld systems of conservation and environmental stewardship. The water projects are that reflection of essential connections we all must water as the life-affirming ingredient for all life. This reflection holds the foundational teaching housed within our most sacred relationship with our mothers who nurture and protect us in blessed water.

One of the primary tools of colonization, the Indian Act, was wielded at the discretion of public servants. Indian agents operated to disconnect Indigenous First Nations from lands, families, and history. Now under the influence of the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, and through recommendations of processes such as inquiries into Murdered and Missing Indigenous Women and Girls, and the hearings and recommendations of The Truth and Reconciliation Commission, the compelling truths and history are emerging. We are all witness to powerful shifts in voice and expression of how Indigenous First Nations have coped, resisted, or experienced efforts to assimilate and change, and we witness investment and efforts to decolonize what has evolved in colonial British Columbia and Canada.

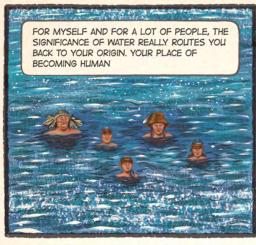
Urgently, we must heed the calls to action to understand the basic connections that must be maintained to balance life. As we see the role of wetlands and watersheds thriving or failing, we can also see incremental improvements in restoring habitat and specialized ecosystems. Also, there are benefits in watershed improvements that assist with decontamination, absorbing runoff, torrential rains, or floodwaters. We now see Indigenous Elders and youth encouraging possibilities and reflecting a renewed vision of hope for the future through learning and embracing Indigenous knowledge, history, and tradition. This positive energy shines in *We Are Of Water*. It is alive, turbulent, and life-affirming.

You can see something in the natural world and visually it tugs at your imagination, at your own life, and your imagination may run free. I am seeing the work and aspirations of youth as part of that quest for freedom, place and belonging, leading resurgence, and stimulating dreams and visions of recovery and hope. I, too, have renewed hope that as readers go through the stories, they will gain a deeper appreciation for the work, and the people who do this work. I am inspired by the golden voices of young people who describe a desire to give back, contribute to their families, and participate in generating solutions. I have heard the desire to honour those who gave so much to preserve and protect Indigenous relationships and history.

The material in this graphic novel is momentous. It is a way to animate ideas and embrace the generations of Indigenous peoples. There are so many different, creative ways to share our stories; whether it is oral history, music, written poetry, performance arts, hand-drawn illustrations, photography, or by using computer-generated artwork. The commitment to show work is not easy. It is critical to refresh the perspectives that have overtaken and dominated mainstream society. To see young people relating to science, environment and earth science, and geography is to see them awaken dreams of working in education, language revitalization, health, fisheries, governance, and land development. It is something a lot of people look for in life, to find significant and fulfilling work that instills pride and achievement, as well as building a sense of place and belonging.

I hope those who read through these stories are as moved as I have been by what they see, and by what they witness. Indigenous law in most cases describes a relationship of gratitude, respect, and responsibility for air, land, water, and species that are gifts through creation to help sustain all life.

Mavis Underwood, Tiwenomot Tsawout Community, WSÁNEĆ Nation Chair, HWI Indigenous Leaders Advisory Circle Governor, Real Estate Foundation of BC













WATER IS A GIFT FOR US FROM THE SKY AND WE DON'T DO ENOUGH TO HOLD IT. WE NEED TO CREATE SPACE TO HOLD IT



WE HAVE A DESTINY THAT WAS HERE IN THE HEARTS AND MINDS OF PEOPLE BEFORE US, GENERATIONS BEFORE US THAT CONNECT US BACK TO THE LAND AND THE WATER FOR A REASON WITH ACTIONS LIKE THOSE DROPS OF WATER THAT CREATE RIPPLES OF CHANGE

WE ALL NEED TO DO OUR PART



PLANTS AND PLACES THAT HELP CLEAN AND STORE WATER AND SUPPORT LIFE



We Are of Water - Introduction

To, qu7, too, qó:, qayɛ?, aks, kayɛ?, awen', chu, wap, siwłkw, séwllkwe, samqwan, qa', bathu, ohné:kanos, tu, wa'aòm, gandlaay, wamp, wam, choo, wu?u / napituk, ca'ak, qayɛ, Aohkii(yi), chuu – water.

Water is life. It is strong, powerful, a conduit for well-being, a global connector, and the essence of all living things.

The voices and reflections illustrated in this graphic novel were gathered through the Healthy Watersheds Initiative (HWI). The HWI is a \$27-million program supported with funding from the Province of BC, to stimulate British Columbia's economic recovery through investments in community-driven watershed conservation and restoration projects. Through this program, the Real Estate Foundation of BC, in partnership with Watersheds BC, administered grants for 61 Indigenous and non-Indigenous led watershed security projects from 2021 - 2023 in communities across British Columbia.

The purpose of this illustrated novel is to provide visuals connected to voices and knowledge shared by Indigenous Elders, youth, and community members regarding watersheds and water. It provides a visual platform to share the work and stories of Indigenous led watershed projects while creating an educational and engaging resource.

We hope these illustrated stories will amplify Indigenous voices and experience, embrace and advance inter-generational learning between youth and elders, and foster future generations of water champions and stewards.

This project was inspired by an initial collection of stories and the creation of illustrations by the B.C. Wildlife Federation's Wetlands Workforce Project, one of the 61 HWI funded projects.

It was expanded into this current form through a partnership with the Healthy Watersheds Initiative, which enabled additional voices and perspectives from Elders and youth involved in a diversity of HWI projects to be included.

We respect that the voices and knowledge reflected in this graphic novel were offered so these stories and knowledge could be shared with a broader community.

Water is a Conduit for Well-being

Water has a life of its own. We need to honour it. We need to respect it. We need to allow it to be free to do the work that it needs to do.

Most Indigenous First Nations remain water connected by rivers or salt waters and rely on salmon as an important gift of life. At the same time, Indigenous First Nations experience longstanding harm to their traditional lands and waterways from impacts of resource extraction, floods, and fires. Like water, the voices and illustrations of Indigenous leaders within this graphic novel are a conduit for learnings and lessons about the importance of restoring and healing the land and waterways.





Part I - Stories from Elders

In the following stories, Elders share the deep connection water and land holds for them and their communities. The stories speak to the love, power, friendship, pain, sadness, and hope that are sparked when considering the significance of water and the role it plays in all of our lives.

Featured Voices

June Johnson is an elder of the We Wai Kai. The territory of the We Wai Kai Nation spans the northeast of Vancouver Island, reaching west to include Upper Campbell Lake and south to Comox Lake.

Rena Joe and Johnny Jackson are community members of the Lower Nicola Indian Band. The Nłeżkepmx Nation is one of the Interior Salish First Peoples in the Southern Interior of British Columbia. "Nłeżkepmx" means "People of the Canyon".

Marilyn James is Matriarch of the Autonomous Sinixt. Sinixt Peoples' Təmxwúla?xw (territory/homeland) extends from the Upper Columbia drainage in Canada to Kettle Falls in the United States.

Faron Hambler is an Elder from Kelly Lake Cree Nation. The Kelly Lake Cree Nation territory includes extensive areas in present day northeastern British Columbia and west-central Alberta.

Diane Sandy is an Elder from the Bonaparte First Nation. Bonaparte First Nation is a member band of the Shuswap Nation Tribal Council of the Secwepemc (Shuswap) people. The band is located west of Cache Creek. Diane's story is illustrated in the last six pages of this section.

Pit Cooking June Johnson | We Wai Kai



WE LISUALLY PICK THE BRACKEN FERN, AND LAYER THEM ON TOP AND LAYER OVER THE SEAFOOD

WE ALWAYS USED THE kə?OkW"I BECAUSE IT'S A BIG LEAF AND WE ARE ABLE TO LAY ALL THE SEAFOOD ON, WE DID THAT OVER IN QUADRA, IN REBECCA SPIT

WE HAD A BIG FIRE PIT WAITED FOR IT TO GET REALLY HOT, THEN WE PUT THE ka?OkW"I LEAVES AND THEN WE HAD PRAWNS, CORNS, DIFFERENT THINGS WE PUT IN THERE, IT WAS AN ALL-DAY THING AND THEN WE PUT THE BRACKEN FERN ON TOP, LAYERED IT ALL



IT

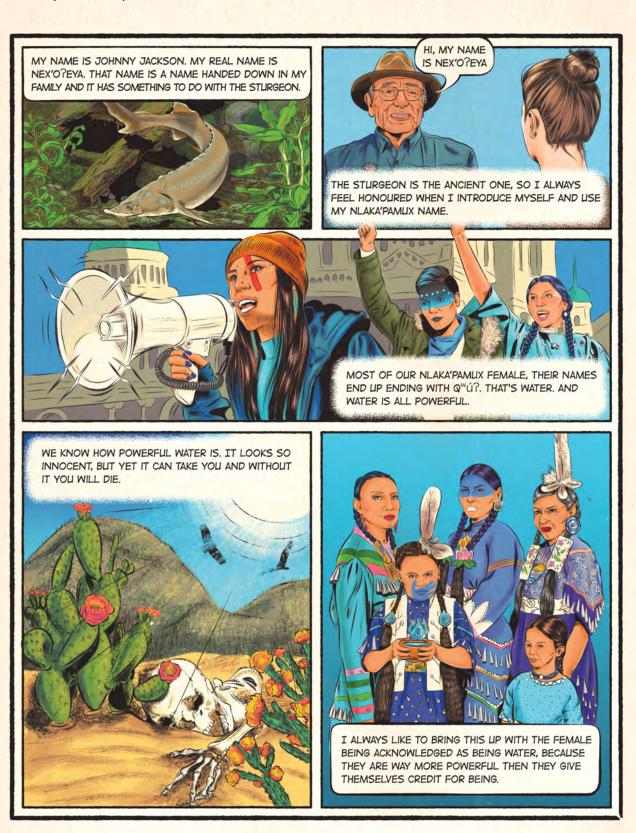
IT WAS AN ALL-DAY COOKING, BUT IT WORKED WITH THE KELP BULB PUTTING THE STEAM TO GO THROUGH IT. THE KƏ?OKW^WI WAS OUR WAX PAPER WHERE WE WRAPPED OUR FOOD BACK IN THE DAY WHEN WE LIVED IN THE BIG HOUSES

WE GOT ONE OF THE STUDENTS TO GO AND GET A KELP BULB WITH A TAIL AND WHAT WE DID, WE PUT THE TAIL IN WHERE THE FIRE PIT WAS AND THEN WE JUST PUT WATER FROM THE SEA IN THE KELP BULB TO DRAIN AND IT KIND OF STEAMED ALL THE FOOD









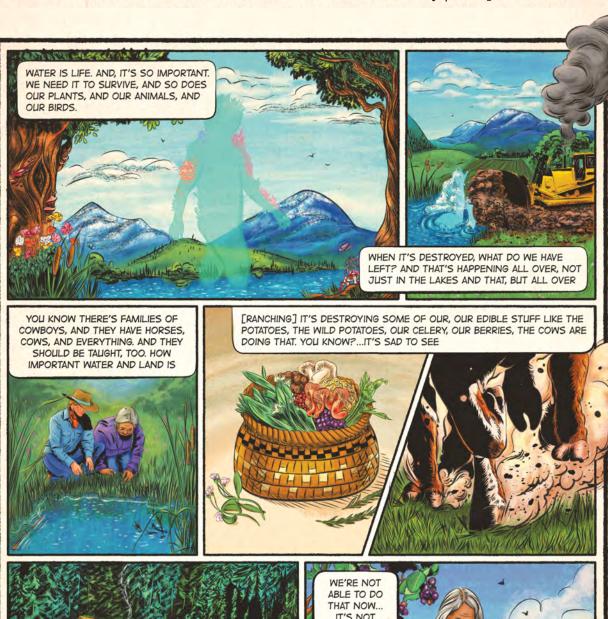
Take it to the Water Marilyn James | Autonomous Sinixt



Look After the Land Faron Hambler | Kelly Lake Cree Nation



Water is Life Diane Sandy | Bonaparte First Nation





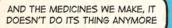
YOU KNOW IT'S SO SAD TO SEE, BECAUSE, OUR LAKES A LONG TIME AGO, THEY WERE JUST CLEAR... WE WOULD GO UP THERE AND CAMP, AND FISH, WE WERE ABLE TO SWIM IN IT, DRINK IN IT... AND JUST ENJOY WHAT WE HAD

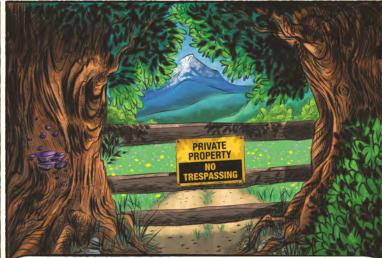




...BECAUSE, THEY HAD TO SPRAY FOR BEETLES? OR WHATEVER THEY CALL THEM? WE WEREN'T TOO SURE IF WE SHOULD KEEP TRYING TO SHOW THEM STUFF LIKE THAT, BECAUSE, LIM... Y'KNOW?



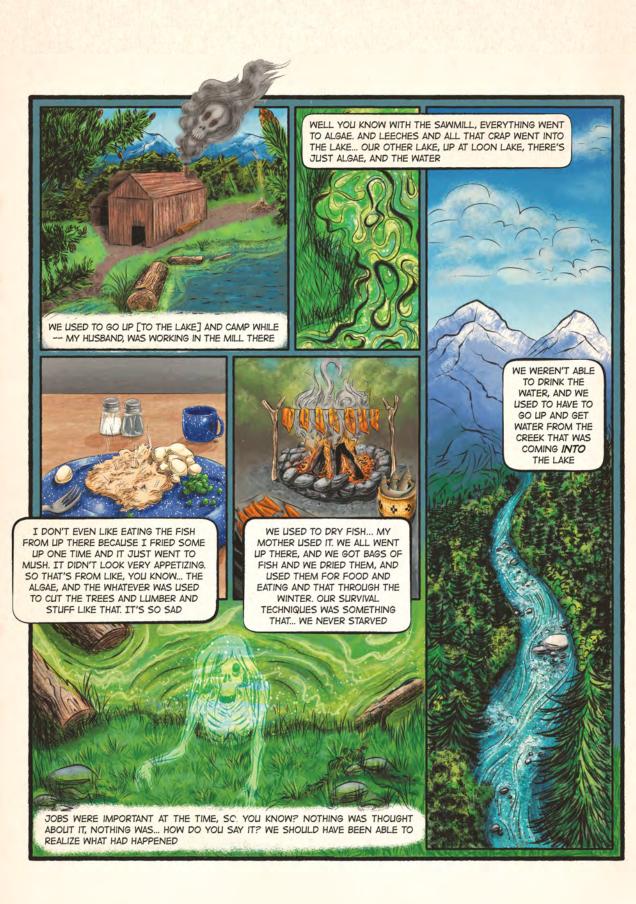




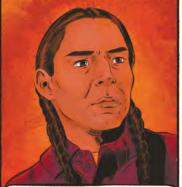
THERE WAS AREAS WHERE WE WERE ABLE TO GO AND PICK OUR MEDICINES AND STUFF AND WE TRY TO GO UP THERE NOW AND THERE'S A GATE RIGHT ACROSS IT, SO... AND WE CAN'T REACH 'EM ANYMORE











IT'S SO SEVERE, THAT IT'S GONNA TAKE A LONG TIME FOR ANYBODY TO THINK ABOUT SEEING THE FUTURE IN A BETTER WAY

I'VE TALKED TO ELDERS FROM UP TOWARDS ALKALI LAKE, AND HE TOLD ME, WHEN THE FIRE WENT THROUGH, THERE WAS A LITTLE AREA WITH A POND OR BIT OF WATER, HARDLY SEEN WITH COWS AND DEERS... ALL IN THAT AREA THERE BUNCHED UP. HE SAID...

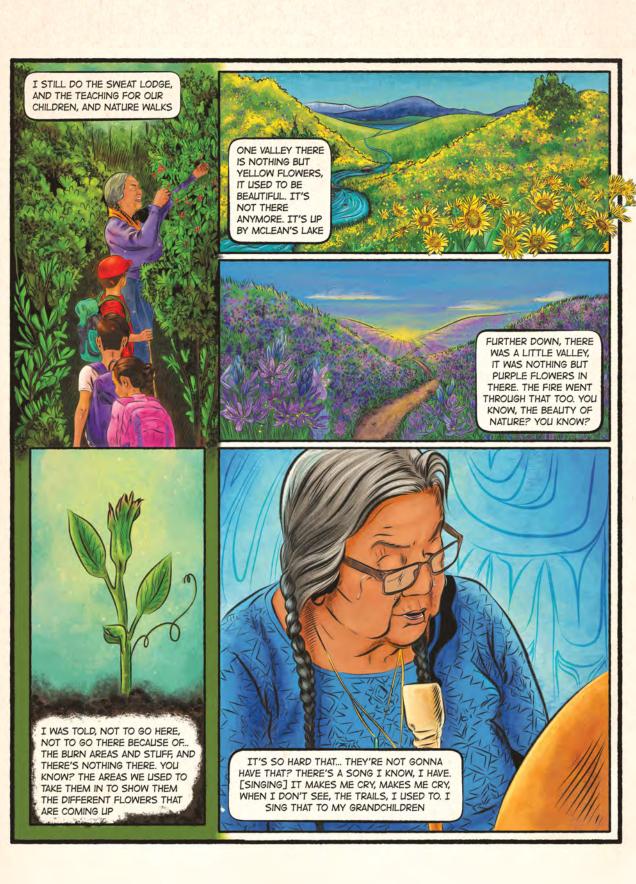


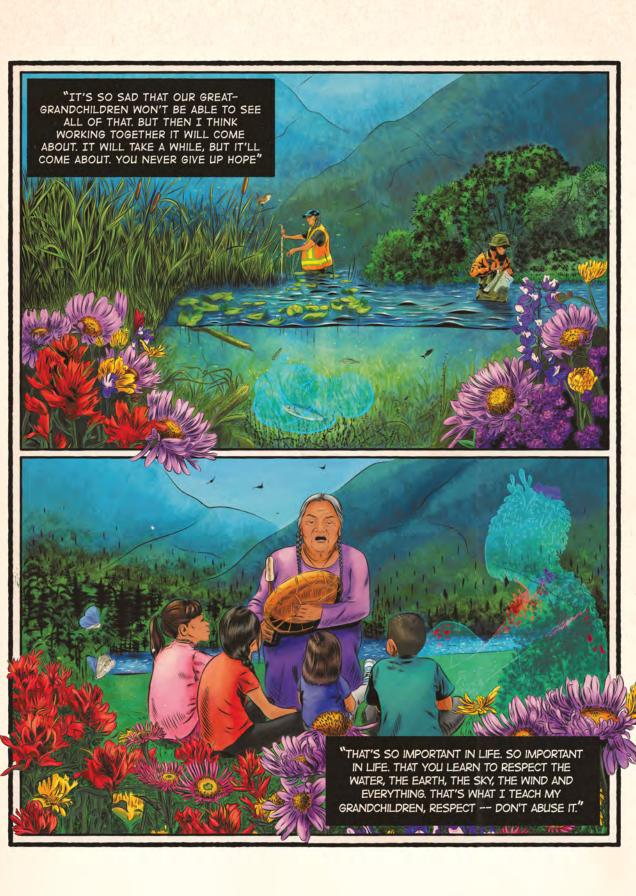
"THAT'S THE SAD PART
OF IT. IT'S GONNA TAKE
FOREVER TO REDO
EVERYTHING THAT'S
BEEN DONE TO MOTHER
EARTH. IF THEY HAD
LISTENED TO OUR
ELDERS A LONG TIME
AGO, 'TAKE WHAT YOU
NEED', I THINK THAT WE
WOULDN'T BE WHERE,
WE ARE AT RIGHT NOW"

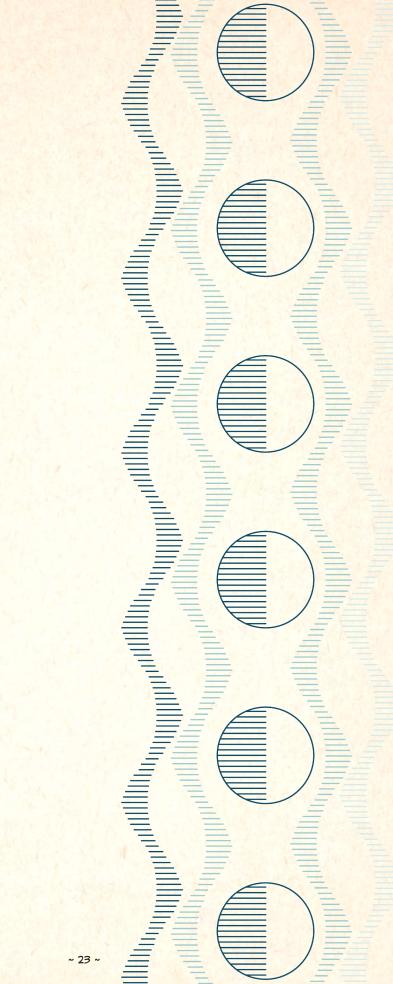


HE JUST CRIED SEEING THAT, HE JUST... YOU KNOW? IF THEY HAD LISTENED, 'TAKE WHAT YOU NEED'











Part II - Building Networks of Wisdom

Through the Healthy Watersheds Initiative more than 60 projects – spanning thousands of sites within the province's eight major drainage basins – restored riparian and wetland habitats, created spawning grounds for salmon, and built habitat and community resiliency to withstand sea level rise and climate change events.

"We have a destiny that was here in the hearts and minds of people before us – generations before us – that connect us back to the land and the water. Indigenous law in most cases describes a relationship of gratitude, respect, and responsibility for air, land, water, and species that are gifts through creation to help sustain all life. It is exciting to see the outcomes from the work of the project teams and it is inspiring to see young people who are leading the way and are making a difference in their watersheds."

- Mavis Underwood, Chair of the Healthy Watersheds Initiative Indigenous Leaders Advisory Circle and Governor for the Real Estate Foundation of BC.

The following stories highlight the work of five Indigenous led watershed projects through the voices of crew members and project leads.

Restoring Tsihl Hlii Din

Tsihl Hlii Din (McCully Creek) is not too far north of Kispiox, a Gitksan village that sits at the confluence of the Kispiox and Skeena Rivers in the Kispiox Valley. The tributaries of Tsihl Hlii Din flow into the Kispiox River.

The Gitksan Watershed Authorities are working to restore Tsihl Hlii Din by channelizing a braided lower reach of the creek into one channel with sufficient water depth and flow for salmon passage and habitat use. This is being achieved by stabilizing the creek's banks through the planting of locally collected willow, alder, and osier dogwood. The team is also using low-tech methods such as placing woody debris to help reduce the speed of the creek's flow.

Throughout the project, key objectives were to create space for Gitksan involvement and professional growth.

Taylor Wale, Luu'maja, a Salmon Biologist with the Gitksan Watershed Authorities, is leading the Tsihl Hlii Din Restoration Project with the support of two Gitksan youth, Patience Muldoe, and Hailey Wilson.

Taylor is from Wilp xGwoimtxw of the Laxgibuu Clan (Wolf Clan).

Patience is of the Wilp Gutginuxw and the Gisk'aast Clan (Fireweed Clan).

Hailey is from Wilp Sakxum Higookxw of the Laxgibuu Clan (Wolf Clan).

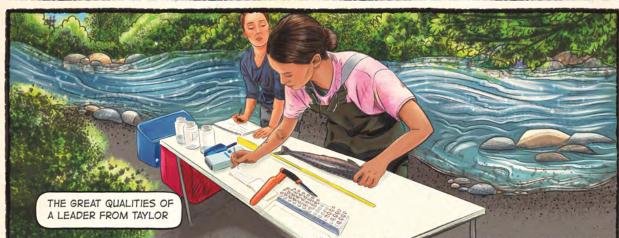


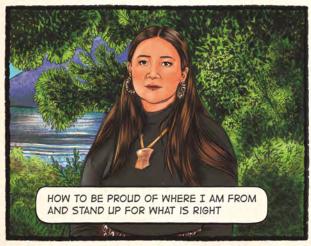






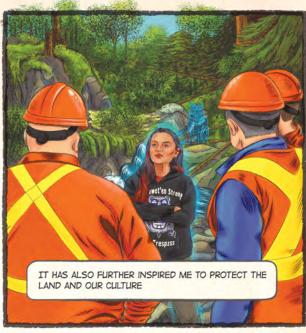


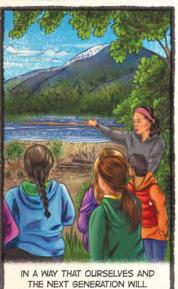








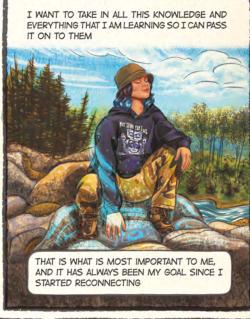




TAKE THE INFORMATION WE'VE

ACQUIRED AND PASS IT ON









Yaqan Nukiy Wetlands Restoration

The Lower Kootenay Band is restoring over 517 hectares of naturally appearing and functioning wetlands and floodplains by filling ditches, removing reed canary grass, and recontouring altered wetland basins along the Kootenay River.

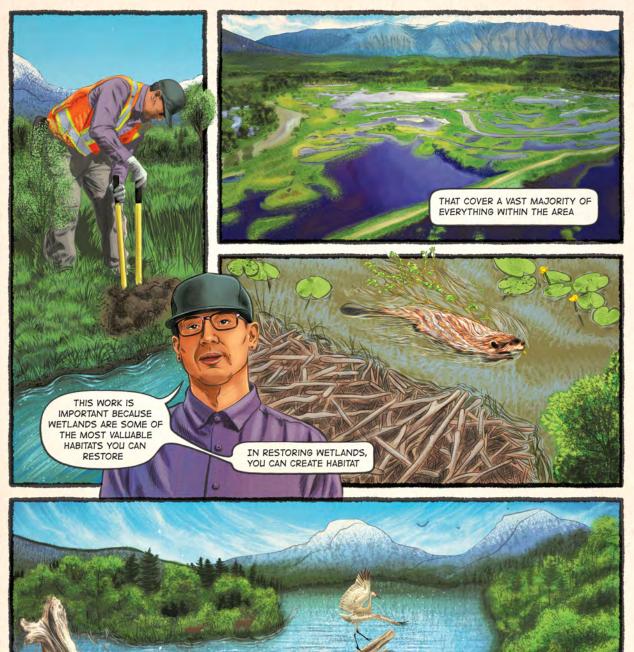
These wetlands are being restored with features to provide habitat for Species at Risk, including perennial water for burbot spawning, sandy ridges for Western painted turtle nesting, logs for turtle basking, waterfowl loafing, and snags for bird perches and bat roosting.

Large-scale projects like these are a great way to learn about how important preserving and restoring our environment is to help combat climate change. Any restoration on its own or incorporated into many types of other projects will help stabilize the drastic fluctuations we are starting to experience worldwide, but we must continue to implement these globally to reap their much-needed benefits.

Norm Allard is the Community planner with the Lower Kootenay Band and the lead on the Yaqan Nukiy Wetlands Restoration project. He shares why wetland restoration work is important.

Kiana Medicine Crane was part of the crew working on this project. Kiana did not know what to expect with her position as she was not too familiar with working in wetlands. Her career aspirations are in health care, with plans to go into nursing and eventually medical school, but the more she got into the work, the more she learned and found it fascinating.

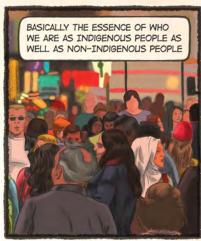
























Juvenile Salmon Monitoring at Wet-zuhn-buhn

The Office of the Wet'suwet'en is leading a Juvenile Sockeye Salmon Monitoring Project at Wet-zuhn-buhn (Morice Lake). The data collected from this monitoring project will help inform the steps needed to rebuild Sockeye stocks. Restoring Sockeye stock is a high priority for the Wet'suwet'en.

Sockeye of Wet-zuhn-buhn are the last anadromous population remaining on the community's traditional territory and are critically important for their food, social, and ceremonial needs. Sockeye has provided for the Wet'suwet'en for thousands of years.

During the project, there was an observation of Sockeye spawning in the Upper Bulkley River, which had not been observed for many years. This project also employed numerous Indigenous youth and women and provided Indigenous youth training on new fisheries sampling techniques.

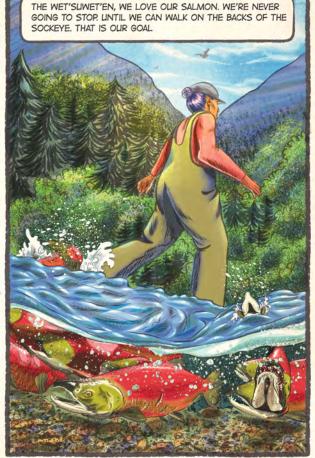
Brothers, James Brian Michell and Gary Michell are members of Cenegh Lhiy Yikh (House of Many Eyes) Laksilyu Clan. James has worked as a Fisheries Technician for the Office of the Wet'suwet'en for 27 years. Gary has worked as the Fish and Wildlife Ranger with the Wet'suwet'en Nation for 11 years.













Water that Connects Us

The Upper Fraser Fisheries Conservation Alliance (UFFCA), in collaboration with its Nation partners, has been leading a First Nations led water flow management project on the Endako River, and a water quality and quantity monitoring program for 22 streams and lakes throughout the Nechako watershed.

With 22 hydrometric stations already set up throughout the Nechako watershed, the UFFCA accessed Healthy Watersheds Initiative funding to assess, repair, and upgrade systems for data collection, analysis, and information sharing. The stations are being used to understand changes in critical salmon habitats and inform leaders' decision-making and emergency enhancement planning for vulnerable fish populations.

Rebecca Broadbent is the UFFCA Project Coordinator and is a Nadleh Whut'en member. Ashley Raphael is the Aboriginal Natural Resource Liaison for Nadleh Whut'en and Saik'uz First Nation and is a Saik'uz member. They share why this work is important to them and their communities.

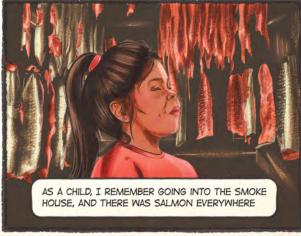






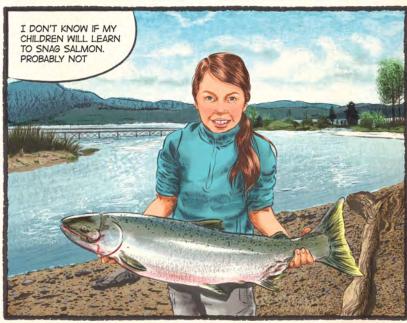






















Xwaaqw'um Village Watershed Restoration

The Stqeeye' Learning Society is blending traditional stewardship knowledge and historical data to reclaim and maintain ecosystems around Xwaaqw'um Village (Burgoyne Bay Provincial Park). By engaging and educating community members, particularly Indigenous youth, this project applies traditional knowledge through cultural practices that honour the interconnectedness of ecosystems.

Maiya Modeste is the P'hwulhp (Garry Oak) Restoration Project Coordinator with the Stgeeye' Learning Society.

Uy' skweyul siiem nu sye'yu tl'i-i-im tsun 'o' ts'iiyulhna'mut, 'u tun'a 'uy' skweyul
Maiya Modeste thuna sne
Sulatiye' s-hwulmuhw'a'lh' sne
Tun'ni' tsun 'ult' kwa'mutsun
Brianna Thorne snes lhuna t-en
Chris Modeste snes kwthuna m-en
Sulsilu Deb I' Ron George
I silu Diane Modeste I silu'elh Wes Modeste
Huy tseep q'a siiem huy tseep q'a

Good day, my honoured friends and family, I am very thankful for this day
my name is Maiya Modeste
my traditional name is sulatiye'
I come from the village of Quamichan in quw'utsun territory
My mom is Brianna Thorne,
and my dad is Chris Modeste.
My grandparents on my mother's side are Deb George (nee
Nash) and Ron George
and on my father's side, my grandma is Diane Modeste (nee
Seymour) and the late Wes Modeste
Thank you with the utmost gratitude





Afterword

We Are of Water provides a powerful message about our connection to water as Indigenous people. It shares the knowledge and voices of Elders, youth, and community members in such a creative way while keeping the protagonist – water – at the center of everything.

Water takes so many forms through these stories. It is our mother, caregiver, teacher, and confidant. It feeds us, nourishes us, and connects us. It is a part of everything and everyone.

When I was younger, to advance the priorities of Indigenous peoples in terms of water and land protection, conservation, and restoration we had to focus our knowledge and education on science and try to fit into a colonial model of understanding so our voices could be heard. Now, we honour and uphold our traditional knowledge and laws alongside western science, and can also draw on creative methods to share this knowledge. We can engage with youth and provide intergenerational learning. There is so much openness to other ways of learning and doing things differently – creatively. It is empowering, especially for our youth.

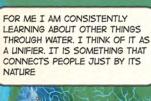
I hope these illustrated stories will amplify Indigenous voices, experiences, and knowledge. I hope they will advance intergenerational learning between youth and Elders, and inspire future generations of water champions and stewards.

Tara Marsden, Naxginkw Gitxsan Nation Former Senior Indigenous Advisor, Healthy Watersheds Initiative UNDRIP Fellow, Real Estate Foundation of BC



















About the Illustrator | Chenoa Gao

I am a Muskeg Lake Cree Nation member. I work as a Conservation Illustrator with the B.C. Wildlife Federation's Wetlands Workforce project, one of the 61 Healthy Watersheds Initiative funded projects. In this position, the idea came to be of illustrating Indigenous voices and messages that were shared with the Wetlands Workforce team.

I didn't have the fortune of growing up with my culture. My mother is a product of the 60s scoop, stripped of her identity in the many white foster homes she was placed in. I never knew how important water was to our identity, how it was a part of this giant cycle that ran so deep. Water is life – a mother's unconditional love, taken away, just like children were taken from their families and placed in residential schools.

Water is so central to a way of life, spiritual, and cultural identity – and yet so many Indigenous peoples don't have access to clean drinking water. They have seen their wetlands destroyed for pipelines and progress. Just like little thought was placed on valuable wetlands, so were the lives of women and girls. They learned they didn't matter, their lives were thrown away like the many Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women and Girls. Yet, women were viewed as central to the community and powerful like water.

Water flowed through them, and they were the bearers of life. As such, they were given the role of water guardians. But with so many women's voices lost, who will stand up to protect vital water resources? If we are to truly protect water, we need to protect Indigenous women and girls, and bring back their central role as environmental stewards.

Turning the Elder and youth voices into comics has been a transformative experience for me. It was like an awakening that allowed me to see my role as an artist and environmentalist. Sharing their stories and giving them life is so important and I hope it inspires my children and young people the way it has inspired me. I want to give back this feeling I've been given to the youth and those struggling with their own purpose and cultural identity.



To learn more about the work of the Healthy Watersheds Initiative, Real Estate Foundation of BC, and the B.C. Wildife Federation's Wetlands Workforce project you can visit:

www.healthywatersheds.ca | www.wetlandsworkforce.ca | www.refbc.ca

